

# **R-502**

# Safety Data Sheet

## **R-502**

### 1. CHEMICAL PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

<b>PRODUCT NAME:</b>	R-502
<b>OTHER NAME:.</b>	Chlorodifluoromethane, Chloropentafluoroethane
USE:	Refrigerant Gas
<b>DISTRIBUTOR:</b>	National Refrigerants, Inc.
	661 Kenyon Avenue
	Bridgeton, New Jersey 08302

#### FOR MORE INFORMATION CALL: (Monday-Friday, 8:00am-5:00pm)

1-800-262-0012

#### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

CLASSIFICATION:	Gases under pressure, Liquefied Gas	
SIGNAL WORD:	WARNING	
HAZARD STATEMENT:	Contains gas under pressure, may explode if heated	-
SYMBOL:	Gas Cylinder	
PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENT:	STORAGE: Protect from sunlight, store in a well-ventilated place	

EMERGENCY OVERVIEW: Colorless, volatile liquid with ethereal and faint sweetish odor. Non-flammable material. Overexposure may cause dizziness and loss of concentration. At higher levels, CNS depression and cardiac arrhythmia may result from exposure. Vapors displace air and can cause asphyxiation in confined spaces. At higher temperatures, (>250°C), decomposition products may include Hydrochloric acid (HCI), Hydrofluoric Acid (HF) and carbonyl halides.

**IN CASE OF EMERGENCY CALL:** 

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300

#### POTENTIAL HEALTH HAZARDS

SKIN: Irritation would result from a defatting action on tissue. Liquid contact could cause frostbite.

- EYES: Liquid contact can cause severe irritation and frostbite. Mist may irritate.
- **INHALATION:** R-502 is low in acute toxicity in animals. When oxygen levels in air are reduced to 12-14% by displacement, symptoms of asphyxiation, loss of coordination, increased pulse rate and deeper respiration will occur. At high levels, cardiac arrhythmia may occur.
- **INGESTION:** Ingestion is unlikely because of the low boiling point of the material. Should it occur, discomfort in the gastrointestinal tract from rapid evaporation of the material and consequent evolution of gas would result. Some effects of inhalation and skin exposure would be expected.

DELAYED EFFECTS: None Known

Ingredients found on one of the OSHA designated carcinogen lists are listed below.



## **R-502**

<b><u>INGREDIENT NAME</u></b> No ingredients listed in this section	<u>NTP STATUS</u>	IARC STATUS	<u>OSHA LIST</u>
3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGRE	DIENTS		
INGREDIENT NAMECAChlorodifluoromethane (HCFC-22)Chloropentafluoroethane (CFC-115)	AS NUMBER 75-45-6 76-15-3	WEIGHT % 48.8 51.2	
COMMON NAME and SYNONYMS R-502; CFC502			
4. FIRST AID MEASURES			
<b>SKIN:</b> Promptly flush skin with water until all chemica lukewarm (not hot) water. If water is not availa if symptoms persist.			
<b>EYES:</b> Immediately flush eyes with large amounts of w not hot) lifting eyelids occasionally to facilitate			should be lukewarm,
<b>INHALATION:</b> Immediately remove to fresh air. If brear required, provided a qualified operator (adrenaline).			
<b>INGESTION:</b> Ingestion is unlikely because of the phy vomiting unless instructed to do so by a		expected to be hazardous.	DO NOT induce
	ed with special caution and	m, catecholamine drugs, su l only in situations of emerg control of symptoms and the	ency life support.
5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES			
FLAMMABLE PROPERTIES			
FLASH POINT: FLASH POINT METHOD: AUTOIGNITION TEMPERATURE: UPPER FLAME LIMIT (volume % in air): LOWER FLAME LIMIT (volume % in air):		er DOT regulations	nition
FLAME PROPAGATION RATE (solids): OSHA FLAMMABILITY CLASS:	Not applicable Not applicable	, standard 54 with matching	muon

#### **EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:**

Use any standard agent – choose the one most appropriate for type of surrounding fire.

#### UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:



R-502 is not flammable at ambient temperatures and atmospheric pressure. However, this material will become combustible when mixed with air under pressure and exposed to strong ignition sources.

Contact with certain reactive metals may result in formation of explosive or exothermic reactions under specific conditions (e.g. very high temperatures and/or appropriate pressures).

#### SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PRECAUTIONS/INSTRUCTIONS:

Firefighters should wear self-contained, NIOSH-approved breathing apparatus for protection against possible toxic decomposition products. Proper eye and skin protection should be provided. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

#### ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

IN CASE OF SPILL OR OTHER RELEASE: (Always wear recommended personal protective equipment.) Evacuate unprotected personnel. Protected personnel should remove ignition sources and shut off leak, if without risk, and provide ventilation. Unprotected personnel should not return until air has been tested and determined safe, including lowlying areas.

#### Spills and releases may have to be reported to Federal and/or local authorities. See Section 15 regarding reporting requirements.

#### HANDLING AND STORAGE 7.

#### **NORMAL HANDLING:**

(Always wear recommended personal protective equipment.) Avoid breathing vapors and liquid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Do not puncture or drop cylinders, expose them to open flame or excessive heat. Use authorized cylinders only. Follow standard safety precautions for handling and use of compressed gas cylinders.

R-502 should not be mixed with air above atmospheric pressure for leak testing or any other purpose. See Section 5: Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards

#### **STORAGE RECOMMENDATIONS:**

Store in a cool, well-ventilated area of low fire risk and out of direct sunlight. Protect cylinder and its fittings from physical damage. Storage in subsurface locations should be avoided. Close valve tightly after use and when empty.

#### **INCOMPATABILITIES:**

Freshly abraded aluminum surfaces at specific temperatures and pressures may cause a strong exothermic reaction. Chemically reactive metals: potassium, calcium, powdered aluminum, magnesium, and zinc.

#### **EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION** 8.

#### **ENGINEERING CONTROLS:**

Provide local ventilation at filling zones and areas where leakage is probable. Mechanical (general) ventilation may be adequate for other operating and storage areas.

#### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

#### **SKIN PROTECTION:**

Skin contact with refrigerant may cause frostbite. General work clothing and gloves (leather) should provide adequate protection. If prolonged contact with liquid or gas is anticipated, insulated gloves constructed of PVA,



neoprene or butyl rubber should be used. Any contaminated clothing should be promptly removed and washed before reuse.

#### **EYE PROTECTION:**

For normal conditions, wear safety glasses. Where there is reasonable probability of liquid contact, wear chemical safety goggles.

#### **RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:**

None generally required for adequately ventilated work situations. For accidental release or non-ventilated situations, or release into confined space, where the concentration may be above the PEL of 1,000 ppm, use a self-contained, NIOSH approved breathing apparatus or supplied air respirator. For escape: use the former or a NIOSH approved gas mask with organic vapor canister.

#### ADDITIONAL RECOMMENDATIONS:

Where contact with liquid is likely, such as in a spill or leak, impervious boots and clothing should be worn. High dose-level warning signs are recommended for areas of principle exposure. Provide eyewash stations and quick-drench shower facilities at convenient locations. For tank cleaning operations, see OSHA regulations, 29 CFR 1910.132 and 29 CFR 1910.133.

#### EXPOSURE GUIDELINES

INGREDIENT NAME	ACGIH TLV	<u>OSHA PEL</u>	<u>0</u>
Chlorodifluoromethane	1000 ppm TWA (8hr)	1000 ppm TWA (8hr)	No
Chloropentafluoroethane	1000 ppm TWA (8hr)	1000 ppm TWA (8hr)	No

OTHER LIMIT

None None

OTHER EXPOSURE LIMITS FOR POTENTIAL DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

Hydrogen Fluoride: ACGIH TLV = 2ppm ceiling, 0.5ppm TLV-TWA

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE: PHYSICAL STATE: MOLECULAR WEIGHT: CHEMICAL FORMULA:	Clear, colorless liquid and Gas at ambient temperatu 111.6 CHC1F <sub>2</sub> , CC1F <sub>2</sub> CF <sub>3</sub>	
ODOR:	Faint ethereal odor	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY (water = 1.0):	1.258 @ 21.1°C (70°F)	
SOLUBILITY IN WATER (weight %):	490 ppm @ 21.1°C and 1	atmosphere
pH:	Neutral	
BOILING POINT:	-45.4°C (-49.72°F)	
FREEZING POINT:	Unknown	
VAPOR PRESSURE:	152.7 psia @ 70°F	
	335.7 psia @ 130°F	
VAPOR DENSITY (air = 1.0):	3.62	
<b>EVAPORATION RATE:</b>	>1	<b>COMPARED TO:</b> $CC1_4 = 1$
% VOLATILES:	100	
ODOR THRESHHOLD:	Not established	
FLAMMABILITY:	Not applicable	
LEL/UEL:	None/None	
<b>RELATIVE DENSITY:</b>	1.26 g/cm <sup>3</sup> @ 21.1°C	
PARTITION COEFF (n-octanol/water)	Not applicable	
<b>AUTO IGNITION TEMP:</b>	Not Determined	



# DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE:>250CVISCOSITY:Not apFLASH POINT:Not ap

Not applicable Not applicable

(Flash point method and additional flammability data are found in Section 5.)

### **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### NORMALLY STABLE (CONDITIONS TO AVOID):

The product is stable.

Do not mix with oxygen or air above atmospheric pressure. Any source of high temperatures, such as lighted cigarettes, flames, hot spots or welding may yield toxic and/or corrosive decomposition products.

#### **INCOMPATIBILITIES:**

(Under specific conditions: e.g. very high temperatures and/or appropriate pressures) – Freshly abraded aluminum surfaces (may cause strong exothermic reaction). Chemically reactive metals: potassium, calcium, powdered aluminum, magnesium, and zinc.

#### HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

Halogens, halogen acids and possibly carbonyl halides.

#### HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

Will not occur.

#### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### **IMMEDIATE (ACUTE) EFFECTS:**

 HCFC-22:
  $LC_{50}: 4 \text{ hr. (rat)} - \ge 300,000 \text{ ppm}$  / Cardiac Sensitization threshold (dog) - 50,000 ppm

 CFC-115:
 100,000 ppm - 150,000 ppm 

#### DELAYED (SUBCHRONIC AND CHRONIC) EFFECTS:

Subchronic inhalation (rat) NOEL – 10,000 ppm Not teratogenic Not mutagenic in *in-vitro* or *in-vivo* tests

#### POTENTIAL HEALTH HAZARDS

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- EYES: Liquid contact can cause severe irritation and frostbite. Mist may irritate.
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- **INGESTION:** Ingestion is unlikely because of the low boiling point of the material. Should it occur, discomfort in the gastrointestinal tract from rapid evaporation of the material and consequent evolution of gas would result. Some effects of inhalation and skin exposure would be expected.

#### DELAYED EFFECTS: None Known



## **OTHER DATA:**

Lifetime exposure of male rats was associated with a small increase in salivary gland fibrosarcomas.

INGREDIENT NAME	NTP STATUS	IARC STATUS	<u>OSHA LIST</u>

#### **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Degradability (BOD):R-502 is a gas at room temperature; therefore, it is unlikely to remain in water.Octanol Water Partition Coefficient:(see section 9)

#### **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### <u>RCRA</u>

Is the unused product a RCRA hazardous waste if discarded? If yes, the RCRA ID number is:

#### **OTHER DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS:**

Disposal must comply with federal, state, and local disposal or discharge laws. R-502 is subject to U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Clean Air Act Regulations Section 608 in 40 CFR Part 82 regarding refrigerant recycling.

The information offered here is for the product as shipped. Use and/or alterations to the product such as mixing with other materials may significantly change the characteristics of the material and alter the RCRA classification and the proper disposal method.

#### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

US DOT ID NUMBER:UN1973US DOT PROPER SHIPPING NAME:Chlorodifluoromethane and Chloropentafluoroethane Mixture or Refrigerant Gas R-502US DOT HAZARD CLASS:2.2US DOT PACKING GROUP:Not applicable

For additional information on shipping regulations affecting this material, contact the information number found in Section 1.

### **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

### TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT (TSCA)

**TSCA INVENTORY STATUS:**Components listed on the TSCA inventory**OTHER TSCA ISSUES:**None

#### SARA TITLE III / CERCLA

"Reportable Quantities" (RQs) and/or "Threshold Planning Quantities" (TPQs) exist for the following ingredients.

#### **INGREDIENT NAME**

SARA / CERCLA RQ (lb.) SARA EHS TPQ (lb.)

Not a hazardous waste

Not applicable

No ingredients listed in this section



## Spills or releases resulting in the loss of any ingredient at or above its RQ requires immediate notification to the National Response Center [(800) 424-8802] and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee.

## SECTION 311 HAZARD CLASS: IMMEDIATE PRESSURE

SARA 313 TOXIC CHEMICALS:

The following ingredients are SARA 313 "Toxic Chemicals". CAS numbers and weight percents are found in Section 2.

#### **INGREDIENT NAME**

Chlorodifluoromethane (HCFC-22) Chloropentafluoroethane (CFC-115)

#### **COMMENT**

WEIGHT %

None None

#### STATE RIGHT-TO-KNOW

In addition to the ingredients found in Section 2, the following are listed for state right-to-know purposes.

#### **INGREDIENT NAME**

No ingredients listed in this section

#### ADDITIONAL REGULATORY INFORMATION:

R-502 is subject to U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Clean Air Act Regulations at 40 CFR Part 82.

**WARNING: DO NOT vent** to the atmosphere. To comply with provisions of the U.S. Clean Air Act, any residual must be recovered. **Contains Chloropentafluoroethane**, a CFC substance which harms public health and environment by destroying ozone in the upper atmosphere. Destruction of the ozone layer can lead to increased ultraviolet radiation which, with excess exposure to sunlight, can lead to an increase in skin cancer and eye cataracts.

#### WHMIS CLASSIFICATION (CANADA):

This product has been evaluated in accordance with the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

#### FOREIGN INVENTORY STATUS:

Canada – Listed on DSL EU - EINECS # 2008719 (HCFC-22) EINECS # 2009382 (CFC-115)

#### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

CURRENT ISSUE DATE: PREVIOUS ISSUE DATE:	January, 2024 April, 2018
OTHER INFORMATION:	HMIS Classification: Health – 1, Flammability – 1, Reactivity – 0 NFPA Classification: Health – 2, Flammability – 1, Reactivity – 0 ANSI/ASHRAE 34 Safety Group – A1
	<ul> <li><u>Regulatory Standards:</u></li> <li>OSHA regulations for compressed gases: 29 CFR 1910.101</li> <li>DOT classification per 49 CFR 172.101</li> <li>Class Air Act Class I Substance</li> </ul>

3. Clean Air Act Class I Substance

#### **DISCLAIMER:**

<u>COMMEN</u>T



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